KS3 Curriculum Overview History

<u>Year 7</u>

TERM 1	TOPIC: Development of Church, state and society 1066-1509: The Norman Conquest	*Key Skills/Subject Links	*Career links & BV
Week 1	Introduction to History and understanding of chronology.	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and 	British Values: Students will be encouraged to consider
Week 2 Week 3	Baseline TestWhat was England likebefore the Battle ofHastings?	 places. Identifying Causation and consequence Analysing importance/significance 	the concept of 'kingship' and the characteristics of a successful medieval monarch.
Week 4	Who was playing the 'Game of Thrones' to be King of England in 1066?	Cross-Curricular Links: Literacy- tasks will require	
Week 5	Why was Harold defeated at the Battle of Hastings in 1066?	students to rad and select relevant information from a range of texts, notetaking, and practicing P.E.E.L	
Week 6	How did William take control of England?	paragraphs to work towards a piece of extended writing.	
Week 7	Local Study: What can Rochester castle tell us about the development and role of castles in the medieval period?	 Numeracy- students will be using a range of diagrams to enhance and record their learning including making timelines to sequence events. 	
TERM 2	TOPIC: Development of Church, state and society 1066-1509: The struggle between Church & Crown and the Emergence of Parliament.	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and places. Identifying Causation and consequence 	British Values: Consideration of the impact of the Magna carta on the power of the crown and development of democracy.
Week 1	Why was the church so important in peoples lives?	 Analysing importance/significance Analysing and evaluating a range 	Analyzing and evaluating a
Week 2	How did religion influence ideas in Medieval times? (e.g. Medicine, Science, crime, warfare and social structure).	of sources to reach a substantiated judgment about and event. Cross-Curricular Links:	range of sources will equip students with a range of transferable skills enabling them to consider reasons why events are interpreted
Week 3	Church vs State: What caused relations between Henry II and Archbishop Becket deteriorate?	 Literacy- students will write a narrative account of the Murder of Thomas Becket in 1170. Numeracy- students will be using a 	different and how to select relevant information for a particular enquiry or task. These are skills commonly
Week 4	What were the consequences of Becket's murder?	range of diagrams to enhance and record their learning including making timelines to sequence	used in law, journalism, project management, research and various roles
Week 5	King John: Unlucky or useless?	events. Citizenship/Politics-students will 	within the media.
Week 6	The Magna Carta: How is a document signed in 1215 still relevant to how we live today?	develop their knowledge of the relationship between church and state analysing why there has, in the past, been conflict between the two.	

TERM 3	TOPIC: Causes and Consequences of the Black Death	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and 	British Values: Students will consider the development of democracy whilst
Week 1	The Black Death: Was 1348 the end of the world?	places.Identifying Causation focusing on	developing the ability to write persuasively to
Week 2	What were the consequences of the Black death?	the difference between long-term, short-term and trigger events.Analysing the	communicate a substantiated argument.
Week 3	Why were the peasants revolting in 1381?	importance/significance of consequences/	The Black Death is studied further at GCSE (Paper 1:
Week 4	Did the Peasant's revolt change anything?	Identifying continuity & changeAnalysing and evaluating a range	Medicine c.1250-present).
Week 5	Milestone 2	of sources using C.O.P. (Content,	British Values: Week 6 is
Week 6	How important were England's medieval Queens? (AOF Homework)		designed to encourage students to consider the role of women in history how some women in medieval times were able to exercise power. They will also be encouraged to consider the reasons influencing historical interpretations of key medieval women.
TERM 4	TOPIC: Development of Church, state and society in	Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding	British Values: This unit will develop students'
Week 1	Britain 1509-1745 Was the reformation a good thing?	 Identifying key individuals and places. Identifying Causation focusing on 	understanding of the relationship between Church and State in Britain today.
Week 2	What was Henry VIII's 'Great Matter'?	the difference between long-term, short-term and trigger events.	Careers: Studying and
Week 3	What were the consequences of Henry's decision?	 Analysing the importance/significance of consequences/ 	analysing different interpretations of the past will equip students with
Week 4	Did Mary I deserve to be called 'Bloody Queen Mary'?	 Identifying continuity & change Analysing and evaluating a range of sources using C.O.P. (Content, 	transferable skills especially useful for careers in law, journalism, and media.
Week 5	What problems did Elizabeth face when she became queen in 1558?	Origin & Purpose.Evaluating different interpretations of the past.	
Week 6	Why was Elizabeth I the most powerful monarch in the world by 1588?	 Cross-Curricular Links: Religious Education: students will be studying aspects of Christian religion and identifying differences between Catholicism and Protestantism. 	

		 Citizenship: Considering the origins of the British Empire. 	
TERM 5	TOPIC: Development of Church, state and society in Britain 1509-1745	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and 	British Values: The relationship between Monarch and Parliament.
Week 1	Why did the English fight the English in 1642? (<i>Religion and Scotland</i>)	 Identifying Causation focusing on the difference between long-term, 	The beginnings of parliamentary democracy in Britain.
Week 2	Why did the English fight the English in 1642? (Parliament)	short-term and trigger events.Analysing the importance/significance of	
Week 3	How were families torn apart by the Civil War?	consequences/Identifying continuity & change	
Week 4	Why did the English execute their king in 1649?	 Evaluating different interpretations of the past. 	
Week 5	How was the world turned 'upside down' after 1649?	 Cross-Curricular Links: Literacy students will be working towards an extended writing task analysing the causes of the Civil War) Citizenship/Politics: The relationship between monarch and parliament. Performing Arts: students will perform a role play to demonstrate their understanding of the trial of Charles I. 	
TERM 6	Topic: Challenges for Britain, Europe and the wider world 1901 to the present day- Migration	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and places. 	British Values: This unit of study will give student the opportunity to explore the factors driving people to
Week 1	Who were the first English people?	 Cause and Consequence Analysing and evaluating a range 	migrate to Britain over a long period of time and to
Week 2	What caused people to migrate?	of sources using C.O.P. (Content, Origin & Purpose.	celebrate the consequences by celebrating the impact
Week 3	What was life for West Indian migrants in the 1950s and 60s?	 Cross-Curricular Links: Literacy- students will use a range of source material to develop their understanding of the immigrant experience. Numeracy- Students will create Venn diagrams to help them recognise and analyse the interrelationships between various aspects of the industrial revolution. Citizenship/Politics – how demographic change caused political changes. Geography- migration, population changes, understanding the characteristics of rural and urban areas. 	migration has had on modern Britain.
Week 4	How have migrants changed Britain?		

		Music/Drama/Performing Arts-	
		student will have the opportunity	
		to consider the impact of	
		migration on popular culture.	
		Rollover	
Week 5 Week 6	Enquiry: How did Britain Change between 1700 and 1900? (Demographic Change) Enquiry: How did Britain	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and places. Identifying continuity and change. 	Students will be considering a 'bigger picture' exploring how Britain changed from an agricultural nation to an industrial one in a relatively
	Change between 1700 and 1900? (Transport, Economic, political)	 Analysing and evaluating a range of sources using C.O.P. (Content, Origin & Purpose. 	short space of time and why it was the first nation to do so.
Week 7	Enquiry: How did Britain Change between 1700 and 1900? (Thinking your enquiry through).	 Cross-Curricular Links: Literacy- students will use a range of source material to develop their understanding of the immigrant experience. Numeracy- Students will create Venn diagrams to help them recognise and analyse the interrelationships between various aspects of the industrial revolution. Citizenship/Politics – how demographic change caused political changes. Geography- migration, population changes, understanding the characteristics of rural and urban areas. 	The nature of the enquiry will allow students to use alternative methods to convey their historical understanding and encourage them to consider the relationships between different factors.

<u>YEAR 8</u>

TERM 1	TOPIC: Ideas, political power, industry and empire: Britain, 1745-1901	*Key Skills/Subject Links	*Career links & BV
Week 1	What was the industrial Revolution? Farming, fences and food.	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and 	British Values: Students will be learning about the origins of the empire and
Week 2	What was the Industrial revolution? Canals, coal and cotton	places.Cause and ConsequenceAnalysing and evaluating a range	considering why it is considered a controversial topic today.
Week 3	Would you have survived the Industrial Revolution? Child labour	of sources using C.O.P. (Content, Origin & Purpose.	
Week 4	Would you have survived the Industrial Revolution? Dirt and Disease.	Cross-Curricular Links: Numeracy- using statistics and	
Week 5	Milestone 1	various graph to understand and	
Week 6	How did the British Empire develop? (The origins of the British Empire	 explain demographic changes. Citizenship/Politics – how demographic change caused 	
Week 7	Why did the Empire expand during the 18 th century	 political changes. Geography- migration, population changes, understanding the characteristics of rural and urban areas. 	
TERM 2	TOPIC: Ideas, political power, industry and empire: Britain, 1745-1901	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and 	British Values: Developing an insight on how Britain became a multi-cultural
Week 1	What part did Britain play in the transatlantic slave trade?	places.Cause and Consequence	society and the benefits that the British Empire has brought to the modern day.
Week 2	What were 16 th century West African kingdoms like?	 Analysing and evaluating a range of sources using C.O.P. (Content, Origin & Purpose 	We will be exploring the concepts of individual liberty and mutual respect.
Week 3	What was the Middle Passage?	 Evaluating different interpretations of the past. 	
Week 4	What was lifelike for slaves?	Cross-Curricular Links:	
Week 5	Why have historians' views about the abolition of slavery changed over time?	 Literacy: Students will be developing extended writing skills, 	
Week 6	How did some slaves rebel against their captivity?	 using PEEL paragraphs and reaching a substantiated judgement. Numeracy- using statistics and various graph to understand and explain demographic changes. Citizenship/Politics – how demographic change caused political changes. Geography- migration, population changes, understanding the characteristics of rural and urban areas. 	

Week 3 Week 4 Week 5	Milestone 3 (End of Year Exam) How did the Holocaust begin? Why do historians interpret the causes of the holocaust differently?	 Evaluating different interpretations of the past. Cross-Curricular Links: Religious Education: - Student will use their existing knowledge from RE concerning the practice of Judaism to better understand the reasons why Jews have been persecuted throughout the centuries. Citizenship/Politics: Developing understanding of key political concepts such as Fascism, and Communism. 	
TERM 6	Challenges for Britain, Europe and the Wider world 1901 to the present day	 Key Historical Skills: Chronological understanding Identifying key individuals and places. 	British Values: This term will address how political systems differ and understanding the benefits
Week 1	End of WWII: Was the use of nuclear weapons against Japan justified?	 Analysing importance/significance Analysing and evaluating a range of sources using C.O.P. (Content, 	of democracy.
Week 2	How close did the world come to destruction over Cuba?	Origin & PurposeEvaluating different interpretations of the past.	
Week 3	What has caused conflict in the 20 th century?		
Week 4	Murder Mystery: Who Killed JFK?		
		Rollover	
Week 5	Start of GCSE- Medicine Through Time		
Week 6			
Week 7			

*Careers and British Values (BV) – This is a key area to address due to the new OFSTED framework. We need to consider how our curriculum links to careers and British Values. Below I have included some information on this to help make this evident in your schemes of work. Please identify at least 5 areas within your scheme of work that coincide with future careers and values. There is no need to fill every week in with a link!

*Key Skills and cross-department links – We are looking to create these overview sheets to try and map what we are doing across the school and see if we can support one another. In this column please detail if there is a key skill that you are focusing on and whether this topic could be supported by another subject. For example, English may be looking at the text 'A Christmas Carol' and History may be able to support with the topic of Victorian Britain. This is an opportunity to ensure we are supporting each other across departments. <u>Again, please</u> identify 5 areas withing your scheme of work where you would like this to happen.

NB: The new OFSTED framework will critique the reason for a 2-year KS3 rather than 3. We need to look to the National Curriculum in your subject to ensure we are covering the entirety of this in Year 7 & 8.

Further information – Career links and British Values

The key objectives for work-related learning are:

- To promote greater awareness for students about the world of work, the development of key skills and employability.
- To promote awareness and understanding of work, industry, the economy and community.
- To relate skills attitudes, concepts and knowledge learned in school to applications in the wider world.
- To improve employability through work-related learning to develop effective links with key partners and local industry

