

# Medicine in Britain c1250-present

How did conditions on the Western Front affect medical treatment?



What were the common conditions requiring treatment?



How was medical care on the Western Front organized?

Were there technological advances in medicine as a result of the First World War?



How did medical developments in the trenches inform developments in wider healthcare?



**Knowledge & Skills:**  
This unit will focus on AO1, AO2 and AO3

## The British Sector of the Western Front, 1914-18

**Key Topic 5**

**Case Study Seven**  
How have science and technology and government action been used to fight lung cancer in modern Britain?

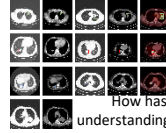


How have mass vaccination programmes and government lifestyle campaigns contributed towards the prevention of illness and disease? ?



How has care and treatment changed in modern times?

What has been the impact of improvements in diagnosis?



How has advanced understanding of genetic and lifestyle factors influenced understanding of the causes of illness and diseases?



**Case Study Six:**  
What is the significance of Fleming, Florey and Chain's development of penicillin?

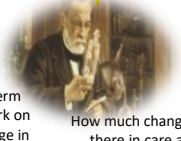
## c1900- present: Medicine in modern Britain

**Case Study Four:**  
Jenner and the development of vaccination



How did Pasteur's Germ Theory and Koch's work on microbes lead to change in the explanation of the cause of disease and illness?

How much change was there in care and treatment.



What was the impact of anaesthetics and antiseptics on surgery?



What new approaches were there in the prevention of illness and disease?



What was the significance of the Public Health Act (1875)?

**Case Study Five:**  
Cholera in London (1854). The significance of Snow and the Broadstreet pump

**Key Topic 4**

**Key Topic 3**

**Case Study Three:**  
William Harvey and the discovery of the circulation of the blood.



How much change was there in care and treatment?



How much continuity was there in approaches to prevention, treatment and care during the Renaissance?



How did the printing press aid the transmission of ideas.?



How did a scientific approach and the work of Thomas Sydenham improve diagnosis?



**Case Study Two:**  
How does the Great Plague (1665) demonstrate continuity and change in approaches to medicine?

## c1500-1700: The Medical Renaissance in England

**Key Topic 1**

What were the main supernatural and religious explanations of the cause disease?



What rational explanations of disease existed in the middle ages?  
(*Theory of the Four Humours, Miasma theory.*)

What was the medieval understanding of the prevention and treatment of disease and illness.?



Who provided health care in the middle ages?

**Case Study One:**  
What does the Black Death (1348-9) tell us about medicine in the middle ages



**Key Topic 2**

## c1250-c1500: Medicine in Medieval England



welcome